



R	EADING	Quarter 1 (43 days) August 11 <sup>th</sup> – October 10 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 2 (43 days)</b> October 14 <sup>th</sup> – December 19 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 3 (46 days)</b> January 5 <sup>th</sup> – March 12 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 4 (48 days)</b> March 23 <sup>rd</sup> – May 29 <sup>th</sup>
	<b>R.1.1</b> Literary Elements		<b>UNIT THREE</b> week 1, week 2, week 3	<b>UNIT FOUR</b> week 1, week 5	<b>UNIT FIVE</b> week 3
and Poetry	<b>R.1.2</b> Theme			UNIT THREE week 5 UNIT FOUR week 2	
Reading Prose and Poetry	R.1.3 Perspective & Point of View	UNIT ONE  Week 3  [with adjustments to emphasize perspective]	UNIT TWO Week 3 [with adjustments to emphasize perspective] UNIT THREE Week 1	UNIT THREE week 5 UNIT FOUR week 2, week 5	
	<b>R.1.4</b> Poetry	UNIT ONE week 4		<b>UNIT THREE</b> week 4	UNIT FIVE Writing Workshop, weeks 1-3 [emphasis on figurative language and poetic elements in poetry]
Reading Informational Text	<b>R.2.1</b> Structure	UNIT ONE  Week 1 [text structures overview]  Week 2 [text features]  Week 5 [cause/effect text structure]  UNIT TWO  Week 1 [text features]  Week 2 [problem/solution text structure]		UNIT FOUR  Week 3 [text features]  Week 4 [text structure]  UNIT FIVE  Week 1 [text features]	UNIT FIVE Week 2 [text features & text structure] Week 4 [text features]
	<b>R.2.2</b> Central Idea	UNIT ONE week 1	<b>UNIT TWO</b> week 4	<b>UNIT FIVE</b> week 1	
	<b>R.2.3</b> Purpose & Perspective	UNIT ONE  Week 6 [author's purpose]	UNIT TWO  Week 5 [author's perspective]		
Re	<b>R.2.4</b> Argument	UNIT ONE  Week 6 [Hit the Road; travel guide to convince others it's the best country]	UNIT TWO  Week 5 [argumentative text]	UNIT THREE  Week 6 [Unsung Heroes; why your state should dedicate a day to this person]	UNIT FIVE  Week 5 [argumentative text],  Week 6 [Persuade the Public; persuade people to improve the environment]





READING		Quarter 1 (43 days) August 11 <sup>th</sup> – October 10 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 2 (43 days)</b> October 14 <sup>th</sup> – December 19 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 3 (46 days)</b> January 5 <sup>th</sup> – March 12 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 4 (48 days)</b> March 23 <sup>rd</sup> – May 29 <sup>th</sup>
Genres	R.3.1 Interpreting Figurative Language	UNIT ONE [only in bridge lessons] week 5 [simile]	UNIT THREE [only in bridge lessons] week 1 [imagery] week 3 [hyperbole, pun]	UNIT THREE [only in bridge lessons] week 4 [poetry]	UNIT THREE Writing Workshop, week 2 [emphasis on figurative language in poetry]
ross	R.3.2		UNIT THREE	UNIT FOUR	
Acr	Summarization		week 2 [literary]	week 3 [informational]	
ding/			UNIT TWO	UNIT FOUR	
Readir	R.3.3		week 4	week 5	UNIT FIVE
	Comparative		[lesson 1, explore the primary source]	[lesson 1, explore the primary source]	week 4
<u> </u>	Reading		week 6	week 6	[comparing two texts]
			[lesson 3, primary and secondary sources]	[lesson 3, primary and secondary sources]	

	FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS	<b>Quarter 1 (43 days)</b> August 11 <sup>th</sup> – October 10 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 2 (43 days)</b> October 14 <sup>th</sup> – December 19 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 3 (46 days)</b> January 5 <sup>th</sup> – March 12 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 4 (48 days)</b> March 23 <sup>rd</sup> – May 29 <sup>th</sup>
Phonics & Word Analysis	<b>F.1.3.a</b> letter-sound, syllables, morphology	Letter-Sound Correspondences     UNIT ONE  week 3 [digraphs, diphthongs]  Syllabication Patterns     UNIT ONE  week 5 [VCe pattern]     UNIT TWO  week 1 [open, closed syllables]  week 2 [final stable syllables: -le, -tion, -sion]  Morphology     UNIT ONE  week 1 [suffixes -ic, -ism, -ive]  week 2 [Greek roots: chron, meter, photo, bio, geo, logy]     week 4 [suffix -able, -ible]	Letter-Sound Correspondences UNIT TWO  week 3 [r-controlled vowels]  Morphology UNIT TWO  week 4 [prefixes il-, in-, im-, ir-] week 5 [base words and endings]  UNIT THREE  week 1 [Latin roots: port, dict, ject, terr] week 2 [suffixes -ize, -ance, -ence, -ist]	Syllabication Patterns UNIT FOUR  week 5 [various syllable types]  Morphology UNIT THREE  week 4 [suffixes -ous, -eous, -ious]  UNIT FOUR  week 1 [prefixes pro-, com-, con-]  week 2 [prefixes: anti-, mid-, trans-]  week 3 [prefixes sub-, super-]  week 4 [word origins]  week 5 [Latin roots: audi, rupt, scrib, spec]  Letter-Sound Correspondences UNIT FIVE  week 1 [consonant changes]	Letter-Sound Correspondences  UNIT FIVE  week 4 [schwa sound]  week 5 [vowel changes]  Syllabication Patterns  UNIT FIVE  week 2 [various syllable types]  week 3 [various syllable types]
Fluency	<b>F.1.4.a</b> Fluency	ALL UNITS see Leveled Readers and 'Cold Reads for Fluency and Comprehension' in Savvas	ALL UNITS see Leveled Readers and 'Cold Reads for Fluency and Comprehension' in Savvas	ALL UNITS see Leveled Readers and 'Cold Reads for Fluency and Comprehension' in Savvas	ALL UNITS see Leveled Readers and 'Cold Reads for Fluency and Comprehension' in Savvas





COMMUNICATION		Quarter 1 (43 days) August 11 <sup>th</sup> – October 10 <sup>th</sup>	Quarter 2 (43 days) October 14 <sup>th</sup> – December 19 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 3 (46 days)</b> January 5 <sup>th</sup> – March 12 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 4 (48 days)</b> March 23 <sup>rd</sup> – May 29 <sup>th</sup>
	<b>C.1.1</b> Handwriting				see curriculum map for cursive writing resource
riting	<b>C.1.2</b> Narrative	<b>UNIT ONE</b> Writing Workshop (personal narrative)			
Communicating Through Writing	C.1.3 Argumentative	UNIT ONE  Week 6 [Hit the Road; travel guide to convince others it's the best country]	<b>UNIT THREE</b> Writing Workshop (write an opinion essay)	UNIT THREE Writing Workshop (write an opinion essay) & Week 6 [Unsung Heroes; why your state should dedicate a day to this person]	UNIT FIVE  Week 6 [Persuade the Public; persuade people to improve the environment]
Communicati	C.1.4 Expository	<b>UNIT TWO</b> Writing Workshop (informational article)	UNIT TWO Writing Workshop (informational article) UNIT TWO Week 6 [Staying Alive; survival guide for visitors to a natural area]		
	C.1.5 Improving	UNIT ONE & UNIT TWO	UNIT TWO & UNIT THREE	UNIT THREE & UNIT FOUR	UNIT FIVE
Ora	<b>C.2.1</b> l Presentation	Writing Workshop	Writing Workshop	Writing Workshop	Writing Workshop
C.4.1 Researching,		<b>UNIT ONE</b> week 6, project	<b>UNIT TWO</b> week 6, project	<b>UNIT THREE</b> week 6, project	<b>UNIT FIVE</b> week 6, project
C.5.1 Multimedia		UNIT ONE & TWO	/ ./		
<b>C.5.2</b> Technology in Communication		Writing Workshop	<b>UNIT TWO &amp; THREE</b> Writing Workshop	<b>UNIT THREE &amp; FOUR</b> Writing Workshop	<b>UNIT FIVE</b> Writing Workshop





C.3.1 Conventions	<b>Quarter 1 (43 days)</b> August 11 <sup>th</sup> – October 10 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 2 (43 days)</b> October 14 <sup>th</sup> – December 19 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 3 (46 days)</b> January 5 <sup>th</sup> – March 12 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 4 (48 days)</b> March 23 <sup>rd</sup> – May 29 <sup>th</sup>
C.3.1 Conventions skills to be mastered at this grade level	UNIT ONE  Use appositives, main clauses, and subordinate clauses. (weeks 2 & 3)  Use conjunctions correctly to join words and phrases in a sentence. (week 3)  UNIT TWO  Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in tense and number. (week 1)  Use principal modals to indicate the mood of a verb. (week 2)		UNIT FOUR  UNIT FOUR  Use appositives, main clauses, and subordinate clauses. (week 1)  Use conjunctions correctly to join words and phrases in a sentence. (weeks 3 & 4)	
skills to be <b>introduced</b> at this grade level	UNIT TWO:  O Use verbals including gerunds, infinitives, and participial phrases. (week 2)	UNIT THREE:  Use pronouns correctly with regard to case, number, and person, correcting for vague pronoun references. (weeks 2 & 3)	UNIT THREE:  Use pronouns correctly with regard to case, number, and person, correcting for vague pronoun references. (week 4)  UNIT FOUR:  Use comparative and superlative forms of adjectives. (week 2)	UNIT FIVE:  O Vary sentence structure. (need to supplement)
skills to be <b>reviewed</b> as students encounter and create more complex texts OR skills intended for a <b>future</b> grade level	UNIT ONE  ○ Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons. (week 1, 4th grade)  ○ Use subject-verb agreement with intervening clause and phrases. (weeks 1 & 5, 4th grade)  ○ Use simple modifiers. (week 4, 3rd grade)  ○ Form and use regular and frequently occurring irregular plural nouns. (week 5, 3rd grade)  ○ Form and use irregular plural nouns. (week 5, 3rd grade)  UNIT TWO  ○ Conjugate regular and irregular verb tenses. (week 1, 3rd grade)	UNIT TWO  Use simple modifiers. (week 4, 3rd grade) Form and use progressive and perfect verb tenses. (week 4, 3rd grade) Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons. (week 4, 4th grade) Use prepositions and prepositional phrases. (week 4, 3rd grade) Appropriately use passive and active voice. (week 5, 7th & 8th grade)  UNIT THREE Use prepositions and prepositional phrases (week 1, 3rd grade)	UNIT THREE  UNIT FOUR  USE prepositions and prepositional phrases (week 1, 3rd grade)  UNIT FIVE  Use commas in a series. (week 1, 2nd grade)  Use semicolons to form sentences. (week 1, 7th-8th grade)	UNIT FIVE  ○ Use quotation marks with dialogue and direct quotations. (week 4, 3rd grade)  ○ Use interjections (week 5, 2rd grade)





FINDING MEANING	<b>Quarter 1 (43 days)</b> August 11 <sup>th</sup> – October 10 <sup>th</sup>	Quarter 2 (43 days) October 14 <sup>th</sup> – December 19 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 3 (46 days)</b> January 5 <sup>th</sup> – March 12 <sup>th</sup>	<b>Quarter 4 (48 days)</b> March 23 <sup>rd</sup> – May 29 <sup>th</sup>
V.1.1 Academic Vocabulary	ALL SAVVAS UNITS:  See 'Unit Academic Vocabulary' and 'Weekly Develop Vocabulary'[each week, lesson 2]			
<b>V.1.2</b> Morphology	Greek and Latin Roots and Affixes UNIT ONE  week 1 [root words, related words, academic vocabulary] AND [suffixes -ic, -ism, -ive]  week 2 [Greek roots: chron, meter, photo, bio, geo, logy]  week 4 [suffix -able, -ible]  UNIT TWO  week 1 [root words, related words, academic vocabulary]	Greek and Latin Roots and Affixes UNIT TWO  week 4 [prefixes il-, in-, im-, ir-] week 5 [base words and endings]  UNIT THREE  week 1 [base words and suffixes, related words, academic vocabulary] AND [Latin roots: port, dict, ject, terr] week 2 [suffixes -ize, -ance, -ence, -ist]	Greek and Latin Roots and Affixes UNIT THREE  week 4 [suffixes -ous, -eous, -ious]  UNIT FOUR  week 1 [root words, related words, academic vocabulary] AND [prefixes pro-, com-, con-]  week 2 [prefixes: anti-, mid-, trans-]  week 3 [prefixes sub-, super-]  week 4 [roots: graph, micro, tele, dict]  week 5 [Latin roots: audi, rupt, scrib, spec]  UNIT FIVE  week 1 [base words and affixes, related words, academic vocabulary]	review
V.1.3 Context and Connotation	Context Clues UNIT ONE: week 3 Figurative Language UNIT ONE: week 4 (idiom) Word Relationships UNIT ONE: week 2 (synonyms, antonyms) UNIT TWO: week 2 (synonyms, antonyms)	Context Clues UNIT TWO: week 3 UNIT THREE: week 3 Word Relationships UNIT TWO: week 4 (analogies) UNIT THREE: week 2 (synonyms, antonyms)	Context Clues UNIT FOUR: week 3 Figurative Language UNIT THREE: week 4 (idiom) UNIT FOUR: weeks 4 & 5 (adages, proverbs) Word Relationships UNIT FOUR: week 2 (synonyms, antonyms)	Context Clues UNIT FIVE: week 3 Word Relationships UNIT FIVE: week 2 (synonyms, antonyms) week 4 (analogies)

	READING BENCHMARKS and CLARIFICATIONS				
Poetry	<b>R.1.1</b> Literary Elements	Analyze how <b>setting</b> , <b>events</b> , <b>conflict</b> , and <b>characterization</b> contribute to the <b>plot</b> in a literary text.			
and	R.1.2 Theme	Explain the development of <b>stated</b> or <b>implied theme(s)</b> throughout a literary text.  Clarification: Where the development of multiple themes is being explained, the themes may come from the same or multiple literary texts.			
Prose	R.1.3 Perspective & Point of View	Describe how an author develops a character's perspective in a literary text.  Clarification: The term perspective means "a particular attitude toward or way of regarding something."			
Reading	<b>R.1.4</b> Poetry	Explain how <b>figurative language</b> and other <b>poetic elements</b> work together in a <b>poem. Clarification:</b> Figurative language for the purposes of this benchmark refers to metaphor, simile, alliteration, personification, hyperbole, imagery, and idiom. Other examples can be used in instruction. <b>Clarification:</b> Poetic elements to be used for the purposes of this benchmark are form, rhyme, meter, line breaks, and imagery.			
ional	R.2.1 Structure	Explain how <b>text features</b> and/or <b>text structures</b> contribute to the overall meaning of texts. <b>NOTE:</b> See pages 172-173 in Appendix B of the ELA B.E.S.T. Standards booklet for a chart of text features and page 174 for a chart of text structures. The chart on page 174 of the ELA B.E.S.T. Standards booklet points out that chronology need not be confused with sequential			
ormat xt	R.2.2 Central Idea	Explain how <b>relevant details</b> support the <b>central idea(s)</b> , implied or explicit.  **IN SAVVAS, SHIFT TERM FROM MAIN IDEA TO CENTRAL IDEA**			
Reading Informational Text	R.2.3 Purpose & Perspective	Analyze an <b>author's purpose and/or perspective</b> in an informational text. <b>Clarification:</b> The term <b>perspective</b> means "a particular attitude toward or way of regarding something."			
Rea	<b>R.2.4</b> Argument	Track the development of an <b>argument</b> , identifying the specific <b>claim(s)</b> , <b>evidence</b> , and <b>reasoning</b> .			
Genres	<b>R.3.1</b> Interpreting Figurative Language	Analyze how <b>figurative language</b> contributes to meaning in text(s). <b>Note:</b> See Elementary Figurative Language. [page 175 in Appendix B of the ELA B.E.S.T. Standards booklet]			
ross	R.3.2	Summarize a text to enhance comprehension.  R.3.2.a: Include plot and theme for a literary text.			
Reading Across Genres	Summarization	R.3.2.b: Include the central idea and relevant details for an informational text.  Clarification: Most grade-level texts are appropriate for this benchmark.			
	R.3.3 Comparative Reading	Compare and contrast <b>primary</b> and/or <b>secondary</b> sources related to the same topic.			

		COMMUNICATION BENCHMA	RKS and CLARIFICATIONS			
Communicating Through Writing	<b>C.1.1</b> Handwriting	Demonstrate fluent and legible <b>cursive</b> writing skills.  Clarification: Students will use cursive writing to produce legible w	Demonstrate fluent and legible <b>cursive</b> writing skills.  Clarification: Students will use cursive writing to produce legible works within the same timeframe as they would use for writing in print.			
	C.1.2 Narrative	Write <b>personal</b> or <b>fictional narratives</b> using a <u>logical sequence of events</u> and demonstrating an effective use of <u>techniques</u> such as <u>dialogue</u> , <u>descriptions</u> and <u>transitional words</u> and <u>phrases</u> .				
	<b>C.1.3</b> Argumentative	Write to <b>make a claim</b> supporting a perspective with <u>logical reasons</u> , relevant <u>evidence</u> from <u>sources</u> , <u>elaboration</u> , and an organizational <u>structure</u> with <u>varied transitions</u> .				
nwwc	C.1.4 Expository	Write <b>expository texts</b> about a <u>topic</u> using <u>multiple sources</u> and including an organizational <u>structure</u> , relevant <u>elaboration</u> , and varied <u>transitions</u> .				
ŏ	C.1.5 Improving	mprove writing by <b>planning, revising</b> , and <b>editing</b> , with guidance and support from adults and feedback from peers.				
Ora	<b>C.2.1</b> al Presentation	opesor impediment should not be considered as impeding stear promandation. This is the initial grade to set that introduces appropriate paoling. Appropriate				
		Follow the rules of standard English grammar, punctuation, capitalization, and spelling appropriate to grade level.				
<b>C.3.1</b> Conventions		Skills to be mastered at this grade level are as follows:  Use principal modals to indicate the mood of a verb.  Use appositives, main clauses, and subordinate clauses.  Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in tense and number.  Use conjunctions correctly to join words and phrases in a sentence.	Skills to be implemented but not yet mastered are as follows:  Use verbals including gerunds, infinitives, and participial phrases.  Use comparative and superlative forms of adjectives.  Use pronouns correctly with regard to case, number, and person, correcting for vague pronoun reference.  Vary sentence structure.			
C.4.1 Researching, C.5.1 Multimedia, & C.5.2 Technology in Communication  Communi			e they consult. include. It this grade level, rding. The elements			

	VOCABULARY BENCHMARKS and CLARIFICATIONS			
V.1.1 Academic Vocabulary	Use grade-level academic vocabulary appropriately in speaking and writing.  Clarification: Grade-level academic vocabulary consists of words that are likely to appear across subject areas for the current grade level and beyond, vital to comprehension, critical for academic discussions and writing, and usually require explicit instruction.			
<b>V.1.2</b> Morphology	Apply knowledge of common <b>Greek and Latin roots</b> and <b>affixes,</b> recognizing the connection between affixes and parts of speech, to determine the meaning of unfamiliar words in grade-level content.  **NOTE: A base IS a root, but a root ISN'T necessarily a base. A base is a free morpheme (e.g., agree) and a root is a bound morpheme ('com' meaning with or together).  **Clarification:* See Common Greek and Latin Roots, 3.5 and Affixes. [see p. 200, 202-203 in Appendix D of the ELA B.E.S.T. Standards Booklet]			
V.1.3 Context and Connotation	Use context clues, figurative language, word relationships, reference materials, and/or background knowledge to determine the meaning of multiplemeaning and unknown words and phrases, appropriate to grade level.  *Clarification 1:* Instruction for this benchmark should include text read-alouds and think-alouds aimed at building and activating background knowledge. Review of words learned in this way is critical to building background knowledge and related vocabulary. Texts read aloud can be two grade levels higher than student reading level.  *Clarification 2:* See Context Clues and Word Relationships [page 205 in Appendix D of the ELA B.E.S.T. Standards booklet]  *Clarification 3:* See ELA.5.R.3.1 [Analyze how figurative language contributes to meaning in text(s)] and Elementary Figurative Language. [page 175 in Appendix B of the ELA B.E.S.T. Standards booklet]			

	FOUNDATIONS BENCHMARKS and CLARIFICATIONS				
	F.1.3 Use knowledge of grade-level phonics and word-analysis skills to decode words.				
Phonics & Word Analysis	<b>F.1.3.a</b> letter-sound, syllables, morphology	Apply knowledge of all <b>letter-sound correspondences</b> , <b>syllabication patterns</b> , and <b>morphology</b> to read and write <b>unfamiliar single-syllable</b> and <b>multisyllabic words</b> in and out of context. <b>Clarification</b> : At this level of reading, a student who is decoding at the phoneme level (i.e., "e-n-t-er-t-ai-n") may decode a given text but will struggle with fluency and comprehension. As such, phonics instruction should move toward decoding at the syllabication and morpheme level. For example, when a 4 <sup>th</sup> -grader encounters the word "entertain" in text, we want him or her to segment by syllable (i.e., "en-ter-tain") or by morphological structure (i.e.," enter-tain").			
Fluency	<b>F.1.4</b> Fluency	Read grade-level texts with accuracy, automaticity, and appropriate prosody or expression.  Clarification 1 (accuracy): See Fluency Norms [page 209 in Appendix E of the ELA B.E.S.T. Standards booklet] for grade-level norms. Norms are expressed as words correct per minute, (WCPM), a measure that combines accuracy with rate.  Clarification 2 (prosody): "Appropriate prosody" refers to pausing patterns during oral reading that reflect the punctuation and meaning of a text. See Sample Oral Reading Fluency Rubrics for prosody [page 210 in Appendix of the ELA B.E.S.T. Standards booklet].  Clarification 3 (grade-level text): Grade-level texts, for the purposes of fluency, are those within the grade band on quantitative text complexity measures and appropriate in content and qualitative measures.			