

English 4 – Year-at-a-Glance

English 4- Standard and Honors Levels

From the FLDOE Course Description:

This course defines what students should understand and be able to do by the end of English 4. Knowledge acquisition should be the primary purpose of any reading approach as the systematic building of a wide range of knowledge across domains is a prerequisite to higher literacy. At this grade level, students are building their facility with rhetoric, the craft of using language in writing and speaking, using classic literature, essays, and speeches as mentor texts.

The benchmarks in this course are mastery goals that students are expected to attain by the end of the year. To build mastery, students will continue to review and apply earlier grade-level benchmarks and expectations.

English Language Arts is not a discrete set of skills, but a rich discipline with meaningful, significant content, the knowledge of which helps all students actively and fully participate in our society.

Standards should not stand alone as a separate focus for instruction, but should be combined purposefully.

The texts students read should be meaningful and thought-provoking, preparing them to be informed, civic-minded members of their community.

Curricular content for all subjects must integrate critical-thinking, problem-solving, and workforceliteracy skills; communication, reading, and writing skills; mathematics skills; collaboration skills; contextual and applied-learning skills; technology-literacy skills; information and media-literacy skills; and civic-engagement skills.

Honors and Advanced Level Course Note: Advanced courses require a greater demand on students through increased academic rigor. Academic rigor is obtained through the application, analysis, evaluation, and creation of complex ideas that are often abstract and multi-faceted. Students are challenged to think and collaborate critically on the content they are learning. Honors level rigor will be achieved by increasing text complexity through text selection, focus on high-level qualitative measures, and complexity of task. Instruction will be structured to give students a deeper understanding of conceptual themes and organization within and across disciplines. Academic rigor is more than simply assigning students a greater quantity of work.

What is the purpose of this course?

The purpose of this course is to provide English 4 students with an integrated study of English-Language Arts using reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language for college and career preparation and readiness.

The content should include, but not be limited to, the following:

- active reading of varied texts for what they say explicitly, as well as logical inferences that can be drawn
- analysis of literature and informational texts from varied literary periods to examine:
 - text craft and structure
 - elements of literature
 - o arguments and claims supported by textual evidence
 - o power and impact of language
 - o influence of history, culture, and setting on language
 - o personal critical and aesthetic response
- writing for varied purposes
 - o developing and supporting argumentative claims
 - crafting coherent, supported expository texts
 - o responding to literature for personal and analytical purposes
 - o writing narratives to develop real or imagined events
 - o writing on sources (short and longer research) using text-based claims and evidence
- effective listening, speaking, and viewing strategies with emphasis on the use of evidence to support or refute a claim in multimedia presentations, class discussions, and extended text discussions
- collaboration amongst peers

What will English 4 students be expected to do?

In the 2023-2024 school year, SJCSD will continue to use the Florida B.E.S.T. Standards as the tool to guide ELA instruction in our schools. According to the <u>ELA B.E.S.T. Standards</u> (p. 104),

In grades 9-12, students are moving beyond analysis and evaluating writing, looking at particular techniques an author uses to add levels of meaning. Students continue to be introduced to literature from historic time periods. This framework will help students in building a body of knowledge useful in being able to interpret multiple layers of meaning. In high school, those periods begin with the Classical Period and continue to the present:

- Classical Period (1200 BCE–455 CE)
- Medieval Period (455 CE–1485 CE)
- Renaissance Period (1300–1600)
- Restoration and 18th Century (1660–1790) British Literature
- Colonial and Early National Period (1600–1830) American Literature
- Romantic Period (1790–1870)
- Realism and Naturalism Period (1870–1930)
- Modernist Period (1910–1945)
- Contemporary Period (1945–present)

What will English 4 students be reading and discussing?

The standards and texts below will be covered by all English 4 teachers in SJCSD. Moreover, teachers have autonomy to use additional, appropriate supplemental texts, lessons, and projects to address the quarter's spotlight standards as well as to introduce and review the other standards for the grade-level.

	Spotlight Standards	Spotlight Texts
Quarter 1	Reading Strand: ELA.12.R.1.1: Literary Elements ELA.12.R.1.2: Theme ELA.12.R.1.3: Perspective and Point of View ELA.12.R.3.2: Paraphrase and Summarize	All will read: "The Postmaster" by Rabindranath Tagore—short story Teachers will cover at least ONE of
	Communication Strand- Writing: ELA.12.C.1.4: Expository (Informational) Writing and/or ELA.12.C.1.2: Narrative Writing Communication Strand- Grammar ELA.12.C.3.1: Basic spelling rules; modifiers; capitalization of quotations Vocabulary Strand: ELA.12.V.1.1: Academic Vocabulary ELA.12.V.1.2: Morphology ELA.12.V.1.3: Context and Connotation	 the following: "A Warrior's Daughter" by Zitkála-Šá—short story Beowulf (excerpt), translated by Seamus Heaney—epic poetry "Ghosts" by Chimamanda Ngozi Adichie—short story Gulliver's Travels (excerpt) by Jonathan Swift—novel "The Pardoner's Prologue" from The Canterbury Tales by Geoffrey Chaucer—epic poetry
Quarter 2	Reading Strand:ELA.12.R.1.4: PoetryELA.12.R.2.2: Central IdeaELA.12.R.3.1: Figurative LanguageELA.12.R.3.3: Comparative ReadingCommunication Strand- Writing:ELA.12.C.1.4: Expository (Informational)WritingCommunication Strand- Grammar:ELA.12.C.3.1: Sentence variety; active andpassive voiceVocabulary Strand:ELA.12.V.1.1: Academic VocabularyELA.12.V.1.3: Context and Connotation	 "Ozymandias" by P.B. Shelley— poetry "Facing It" by Yousef Komunyakaa" "Ode on a Grecian Urn" by John Keats—poetry "Be Ye Men of Valour" by Winston Churchill"—speech

Quarter 3	Reading Strand: ELA.12.R.2.1: Structure	All will read:
	ELA. 12.R.2.1: Structure ELA.12.R.2.3: Author's Purpose and Perspective	 "We Choose to Go to the Moon" by John F. Kennedy—speech
	ELA.12.R.2.4: Argument ELA.12.R.3.4: Understanding Rhetoric	 Teachers will cover at least ONE of the following: <i>Plessy v. Ferguson</i>—Supreme
	Communication Strand- Writing: ELA.12.C.1.3: Argumentative (Persuasive) Writing	 Pressy V. Pergason—Supreme Court ruling United States v. Amistad— Supreme Court ruling
	Communication Strand- Grammar: ELA.12.C.3.1: Commas, semi-colons, colons, dashes, hyphens	 Teachers will cover at least ONE of the following: "Commencement Address at the New School" by Zadie
	Vocabulary Strand: ELA.12.V.1.1: Academic Vocabulary ELA.12.V.1.2: Morphology ELA.12.V.1.3: Context and Connotation	 Smith—speech "Commencement Address at Wellesley College" by Chimamanda Ngozi Adichie— speech "I Am Prepared to Die" by Nelson Mandela—trial testimony/speech "Self-Made Men" by Frederick Douglass—speech "Toni Morrison's Nobel Lecture" by Toni Morrison—speech
Quarter 4	Reading Strand: All B.E.S.T. Standards for English 4 will be reviewed and/or covered in this quarter.	School-based teacher teams will decide on the works they use in this quarter; please contact your student's teacher for specifics.
	Communication Strand- Writing: ELA.12.C.1.2: Narrative Writing and/or ELA.12.C.4.1: Researching and Using Info	
	Communication Strand- Grammar: ELA.12.C.3.1: Contested usage; commonly misspelled words	
	Vocabulary Strand: ELA.12.V.1.1: Academic Vocabulary ELA.12.V.1.2: Morphology ELA.12.V.1.3: Context and Connotation	

What longer works might English 4 students study?

In addition to the prescribed works listed above, teachers may choose to teach longer works in their entirety. The list below comprises those works approved by the FLDOE for English 4 study. If a work is neither a textbook offering (StudySync) nor a B.E.S.T. Sample Extended-Length Text, then teachers will have completed the novel approval process before using the work for whole-class instruction.

StudySync Novel Studies	B.E.S.T. Sample Extended-Length Texts
• 1984, Orwell	Crime and Punishment, Dostoevsky
• A Bend in the River, Naipaul	Don Quixote, Cervantes
Beowulf (Heaney Trans.)	• Flatland: A Romance of Many Dimensions,
Brave New World, Huxley	Abbott
• Death and the King's Horseman, Soyinka	Life of Julius Caesar, Plutarch
Gulliver's Travels, Swift	• Longitude: The True Story of a Lone Genius
Hamlet, Shakespeare	Who Solved the Greatest Scientific Problem of
Heart of Darkness, Conrad	His Time, Sobel
• Jane Eyre, C. Brontë	Rosencrantz and Guildenstern Are Dead,
King Lear, Shakespeare	Stoppard
Nectar in a Sieve, Markandaya	The Republic, Plato
Pride and Prejudice, Austen	The Twelve Caesars, Suetonius
Richard III, Shakespeare	• Utopia, More
• The Bluest Eye, Morrison	
• The Importance of Being Earnest, Wilde	
• The Kite Runner, Hosseini	
The Metamorphosis, Kafka	
• When Breath Becomes Air, Kalanithi	
• Wuthering Heights, E. Brontë	