Scholarship FAQs

Q: What is the difference between a merit and a needs-based scholarship?

A: Merit scholarships are awarded based on a student's academic performance, extracurricular activities and other accomplishments regardless of socio-economic background. Needs-based scholarships are awarded by taking into account the same factors as a merit based scholarship, including demonstrated financial need for the scholarship.

Q: Is there a limit to how many scholarships I can receive?

A: No, you can combine as many scholarships as you have received to cover costs for post-secondary education.

Q: How many scholarships should I apply for?

A: According to the FL DOE, students receive 1 in 10 scholarships they apply for. So, if you would like 4 scholarships, your best chances of getting that would be to apply for a minimum of 40 scholarships.

Q: What is the difference between a one-time award scholarship and a renewable scholarship?

A: Scholarships awarded once are a flat amount of money, given once. A renewable scholarship, such as the <u>Bright Futures Scholarship</u>, means that once you have received it, you will continue to be awarded a certain amount of money, at certain times of the year, for a certain length of time. Often, renewable scholarships have contingencies to continue renewal, such as maintaining a 3.0 GPA, taking a minimum number of credit hours each semester, or conducting and presenting research. If awarded a renewable scholarship, be sure to frequently check renewal standards so as not to lose the scholarship.

Q: When should I start applying for scholarships?

A: There is no set deadline to start applying for scholarships, and there are some that you can apply for beginning in middle school. Many you can only apply for as a senior. The best way to stay on track for what scholarships are available is to register for a scholarship search engine such as www.myscholly.com or www.fastweb.com and to subscribe to the District Scholarship Blog. Each time a new scholarship is added, you will receive an email about it. Scholarships can also be sorted by factors such as month, applicant type, and award amount by visiting the District Scholarship Spreadsheet.

Q: What are some things to watch out for when applying for scholarships?

A: You should never, ever have to pay to apply for a scholarship. If you do, it is most likely a scam. To report a scholarship scam or find out more information about identifying fraudulent scholarships, go to this <u>link</u>.